

## LINT(I)

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### NAME

lint — a C program verifier

### SYNOPSIS

**lint** [ **-bpsv** ] files ...

### DESCRIPTION

*Lint* takes input files which are C programs and attempts to determine and write out certain features of these programs which are likely to be bugs, or non-portable, or wasteful. *Lint* is thus a form of C verifier.

Among the things which are currently found are:

- statements which cannot be reached
- loops which are not entered at the top
- automatic variables declared and not used
- logical expressions whose value is constant
- statements containing operators or terms which do nothing
- functions which return values in some places and not in others
- functions called with varying numbers of arguments

By default, it is assumed that all the input files are to be loaded together; they are checked for mutual compatibility. The C preprocessor options **-D** and **-I** are recognized as well.

The **-p** option attempts to check portability to the *IBM* and *GCOS* dialects of C.

The **-s** option enforces a very strict standard of type checking and and compatibility.

The **-b** option detects *break* statements that cannot be reached. (This is not the default because, unfortunately, most *lex* and many *yacc* outputs produce dozens of such comments.)

Finally, the **-v** option suppresses complaints about unused arguments in functions.

### BUGS

*exit* and other functions which do not return are not understood; this causes various lies. In general, standard libraries should be recognized and dealt with.